

A: Datasheet

Algorithm: imagus_008

Developer: Imagus Technology Pty Ltd

Submission Date: 2022_05_26

Template size: 2048 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 405 msec

Template time (median): 446 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 463 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 302 (out of 353) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0860 vs. lowest 0.0008 from sensetime_007

Mugshot webcam ranking 260 (out of 315) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0933 vs. lowest 0.0056 from sensetime_007

Mugshot profile ranking 82 (out of 284) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.3051 vs. lowest 0.0521 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa-border ranking 159 (out of 242) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0213 vs. lowest 0.0008 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 108 (out of 239) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.1192 vs. lowest 0.0487 from cubox_000

Identification:

Frontal mugshot ranking 341 (out of 353) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9739, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0014 from sensetime_007

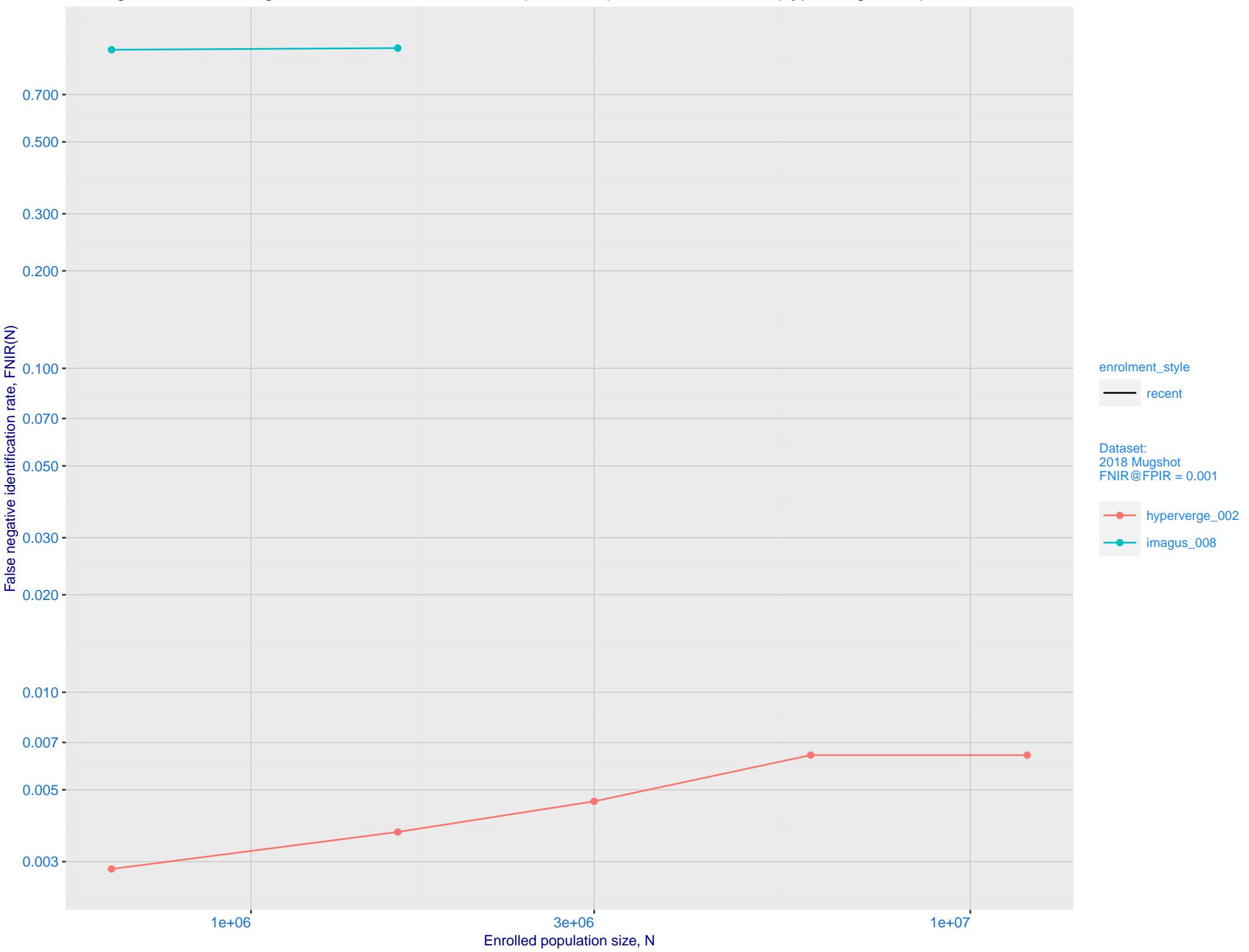
Mugshot webcam ranking 287 (out of 313) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.7722, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0093 from sensetime_007

Mugshot profile ranking 162 (out of 283) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9956, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1093 from cloudwalk_mt_000

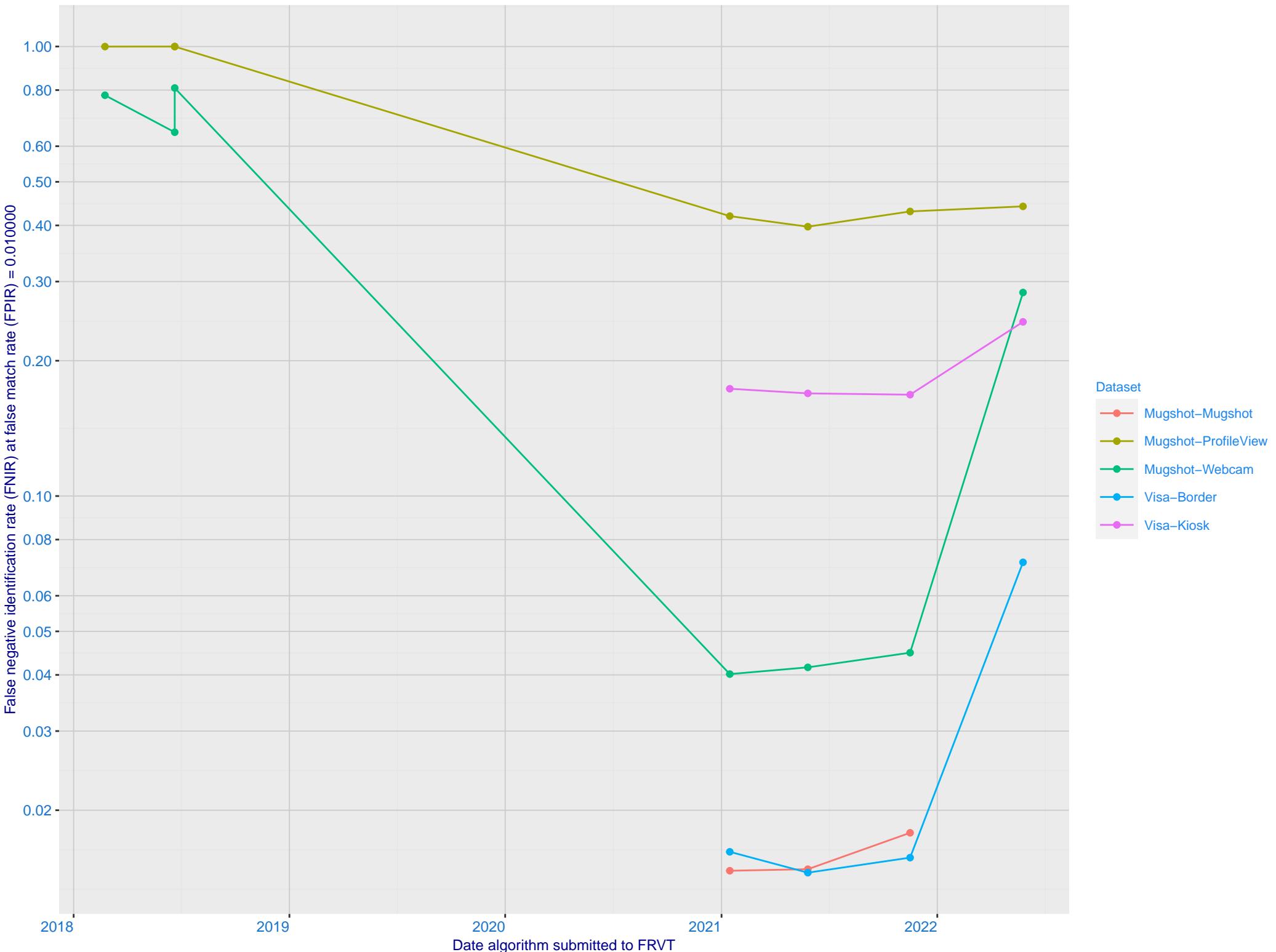
Immigration visa-border ranking 194 (out of 241) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.5202, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0024 from cloudwalk_mt_000

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 131 (out of 236) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.5205, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0719 from cloudwalk_mt_000

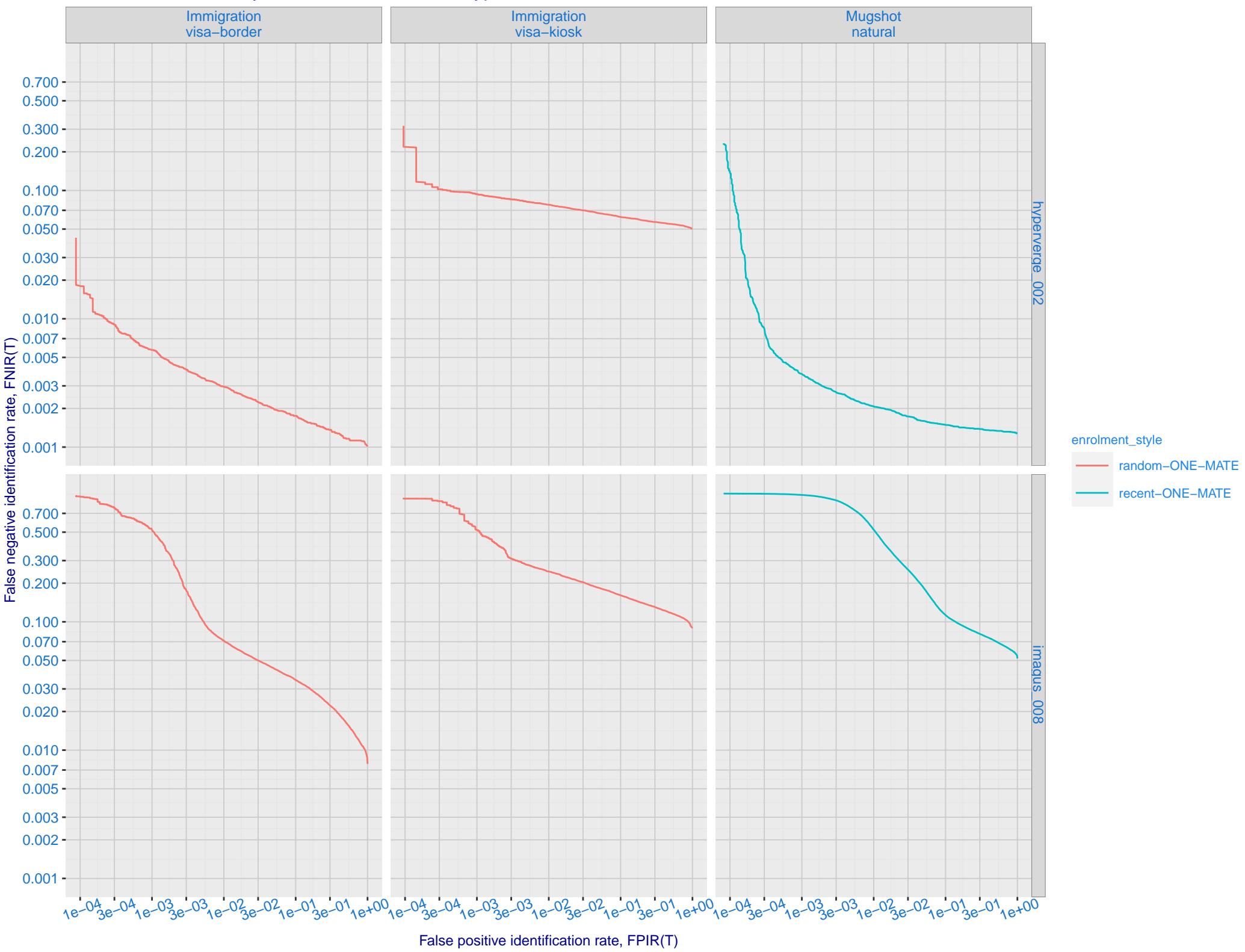
B: Mugshot natural images, identification mode: FNIR(N, L+1, T) vs. most accurate (hyperverge_002)



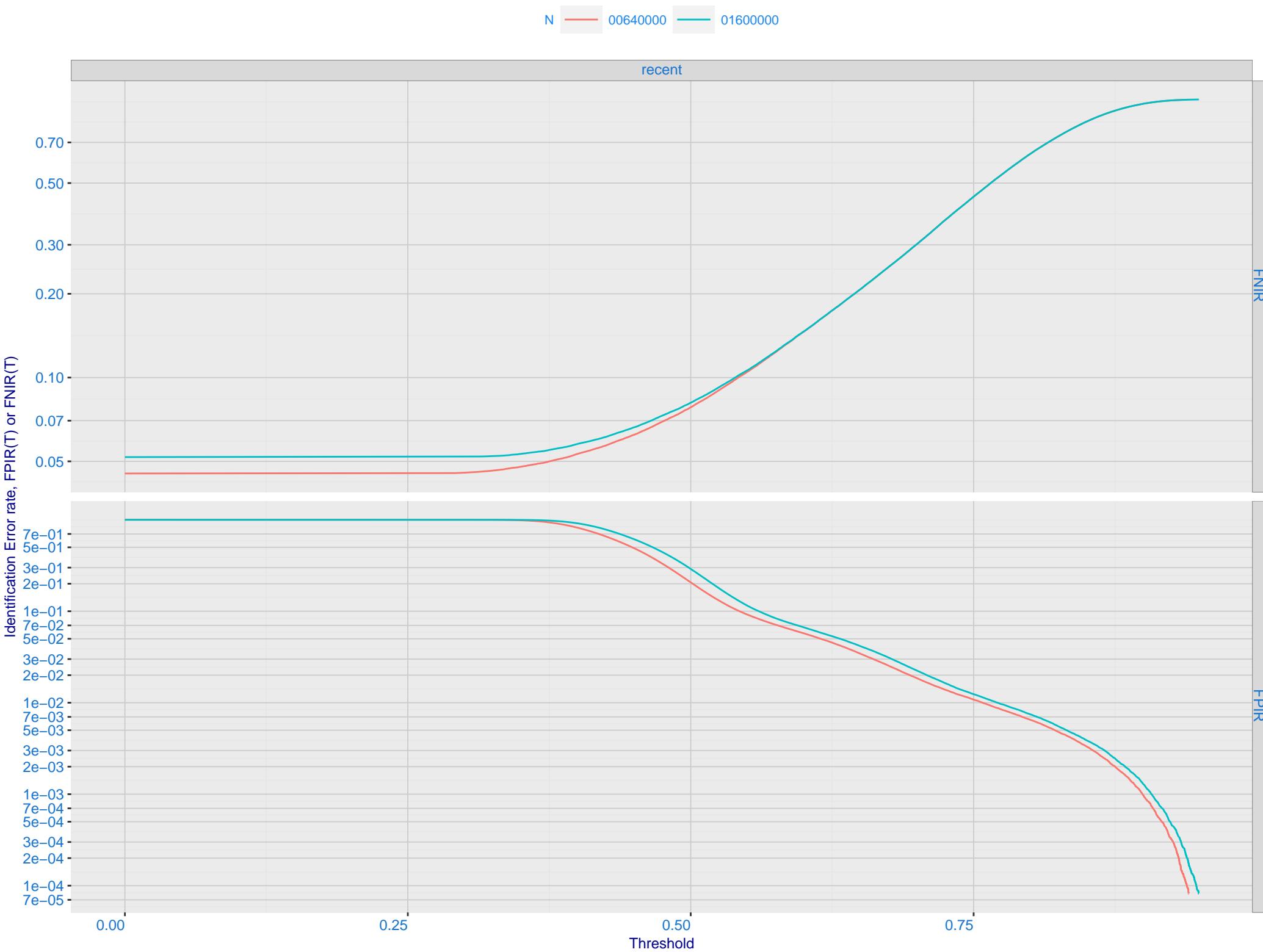
C: Evolution of accuracy for IMAGUS algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present



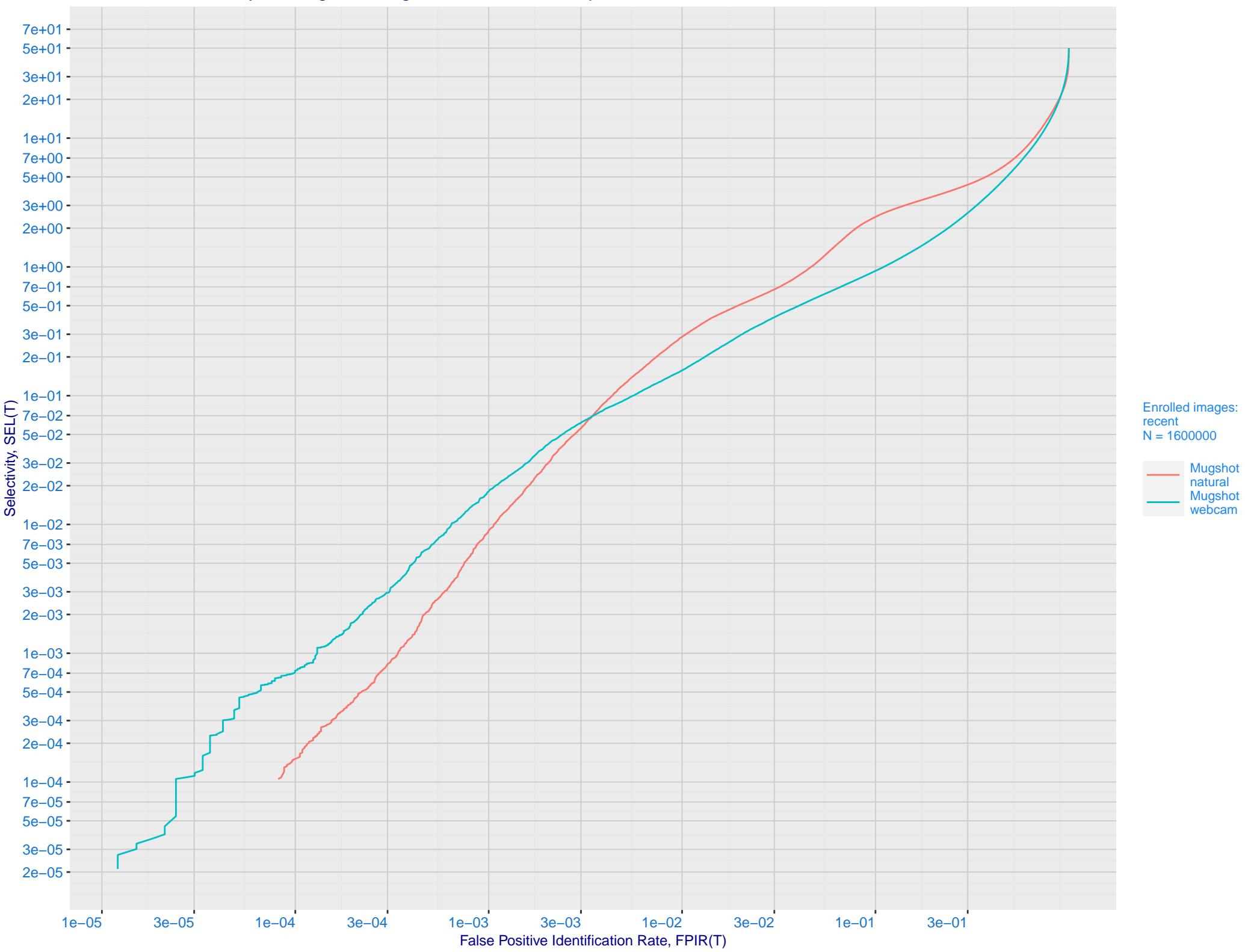
D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals



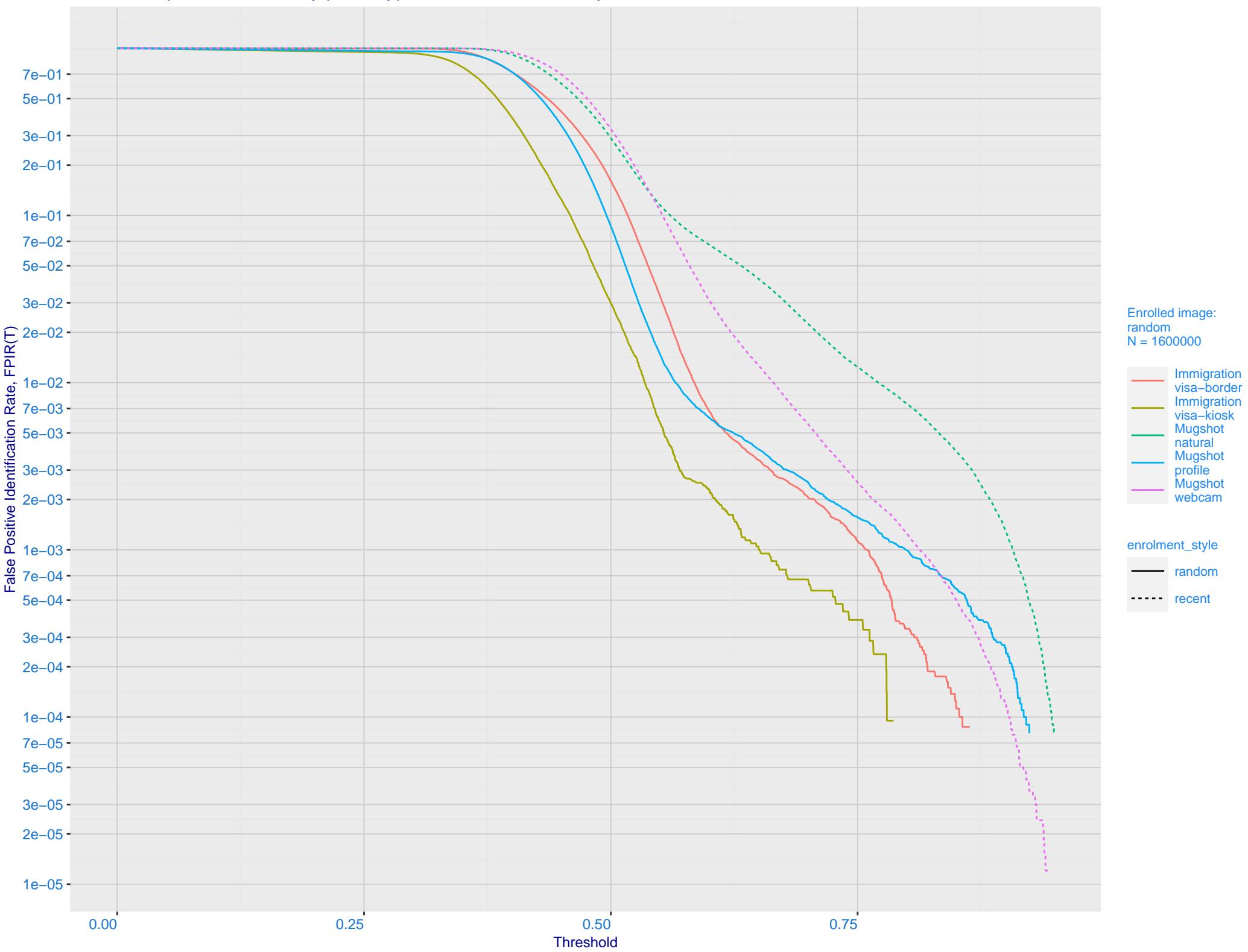
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate

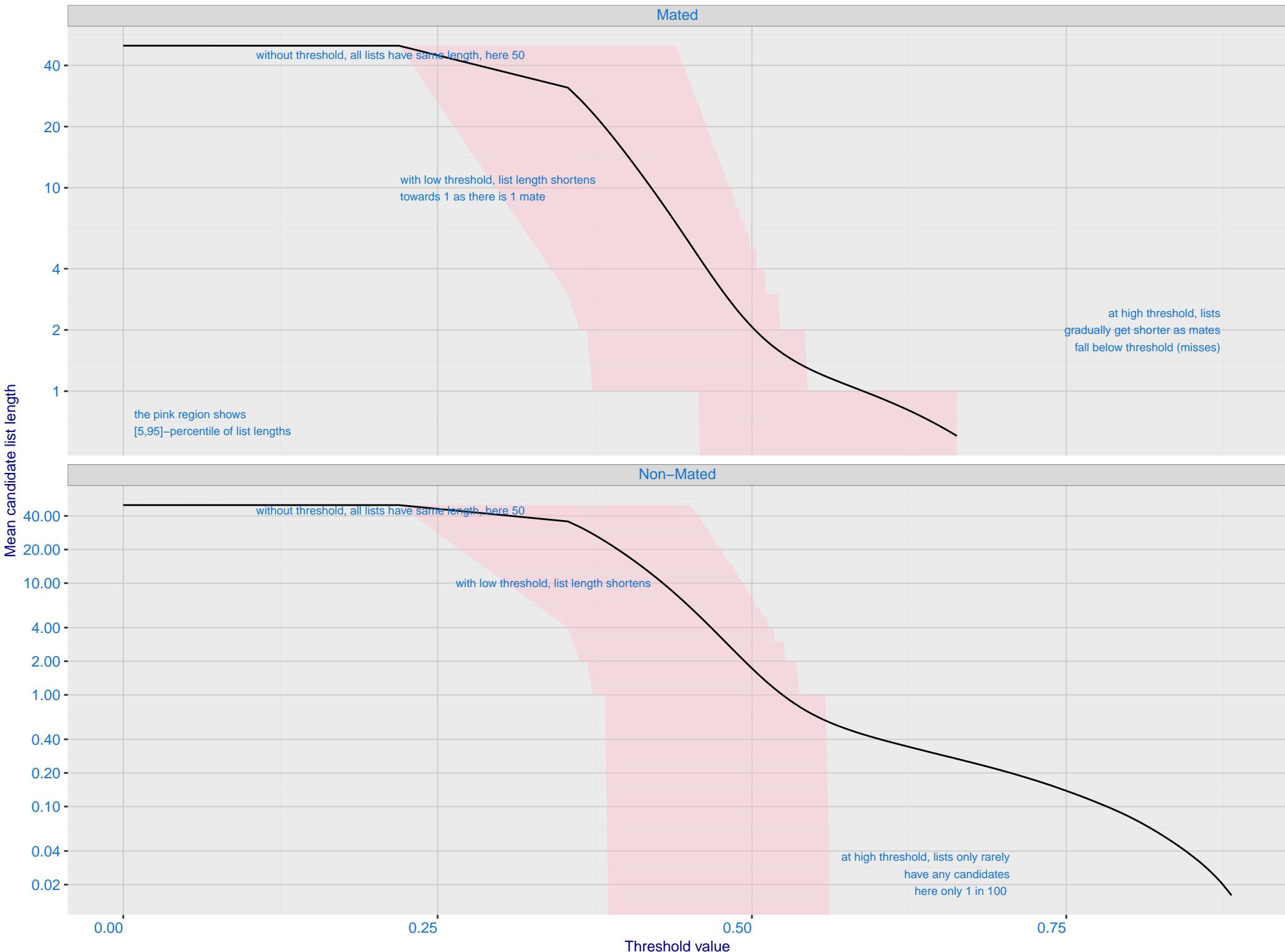


G: FPIR dependence on T by probe type for N = 1600000 subjects



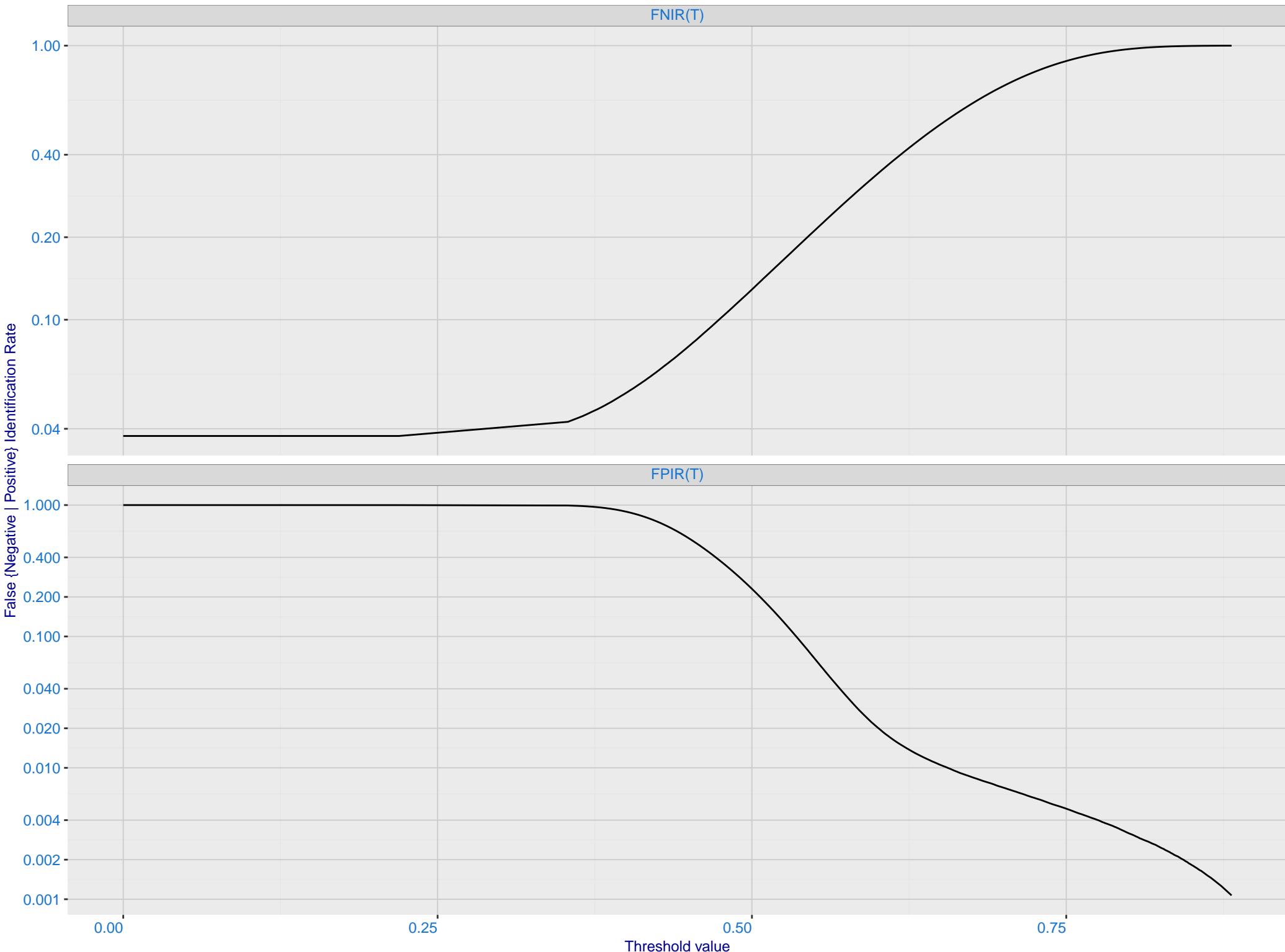
H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review

Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

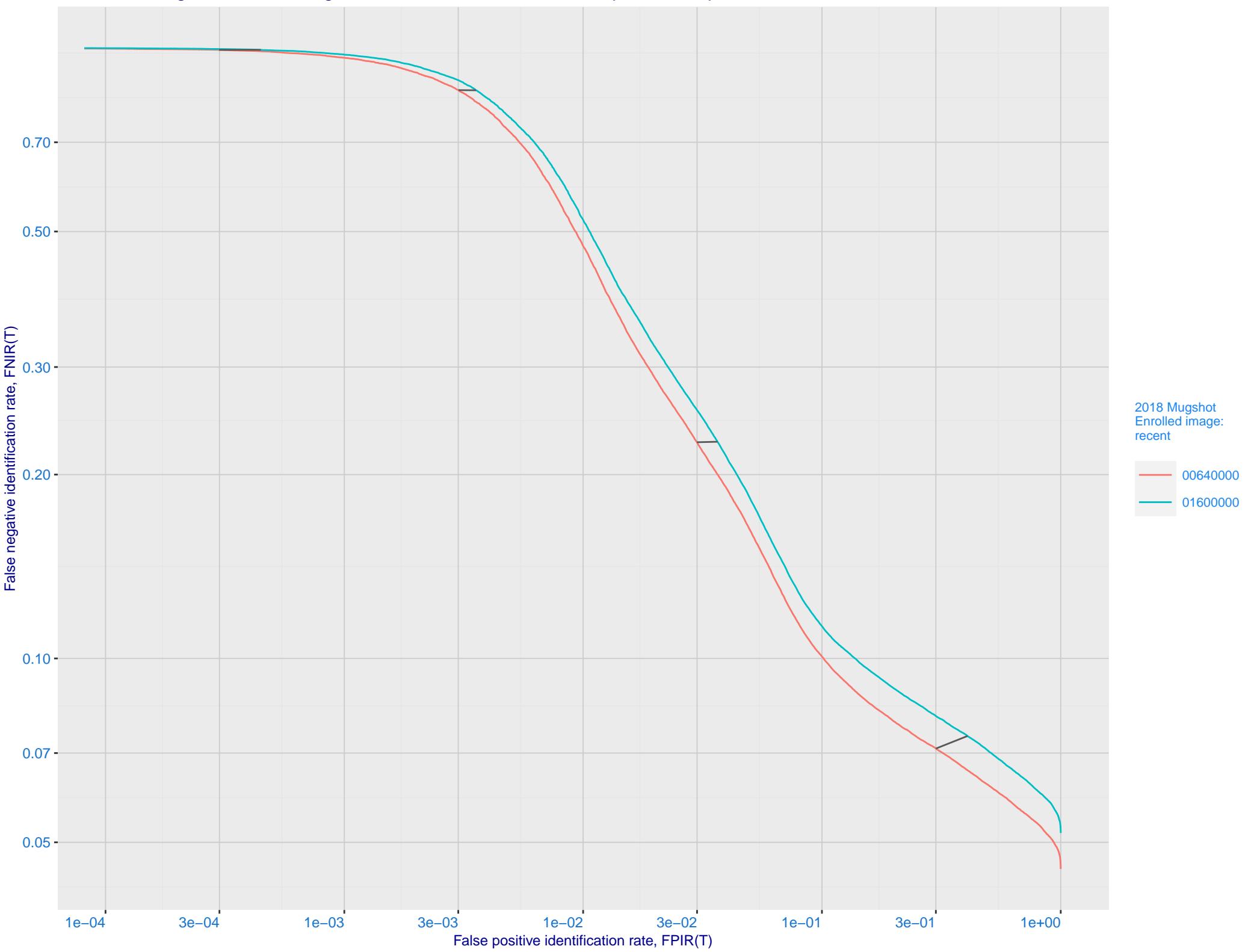


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold

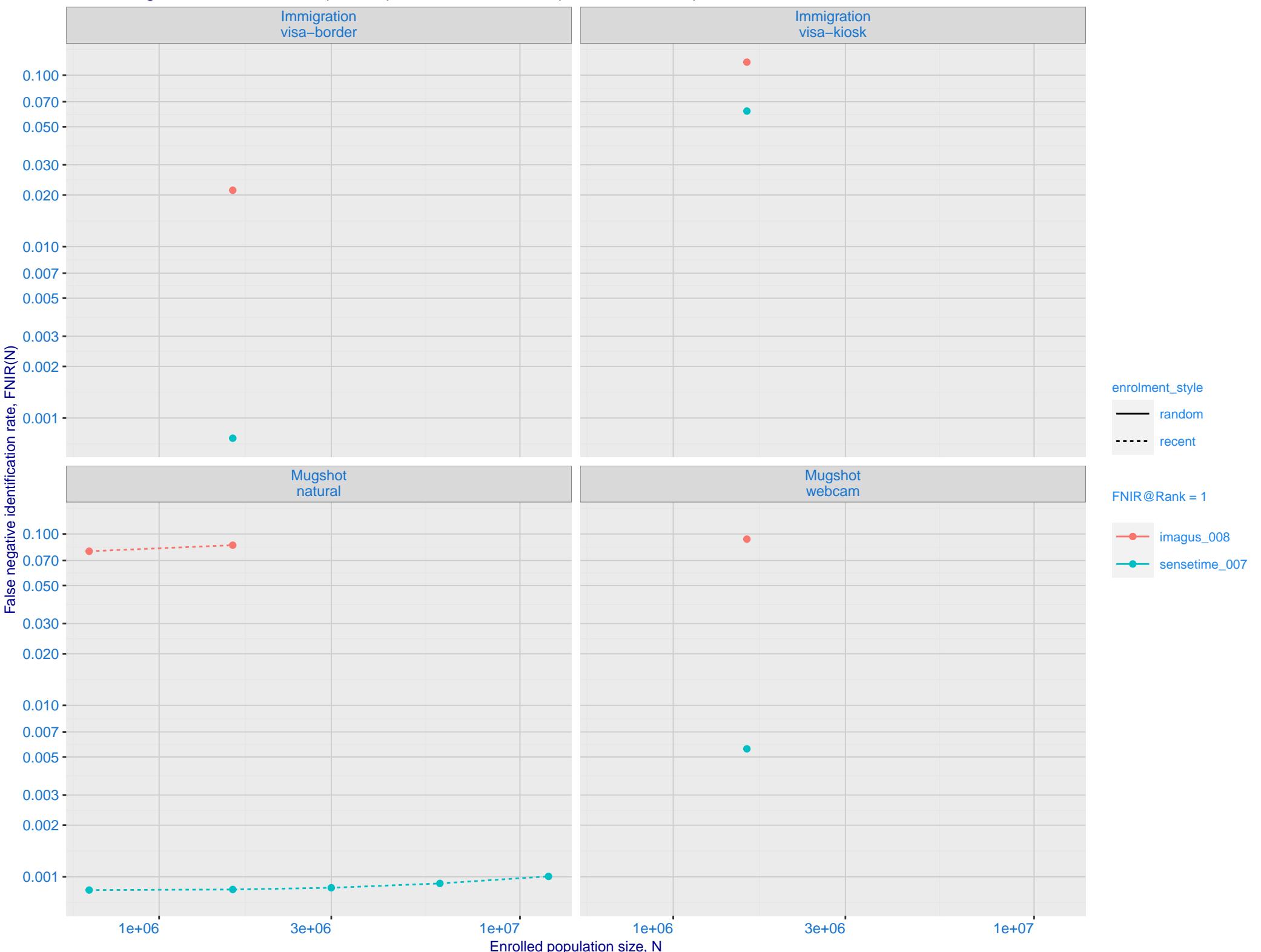
Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image



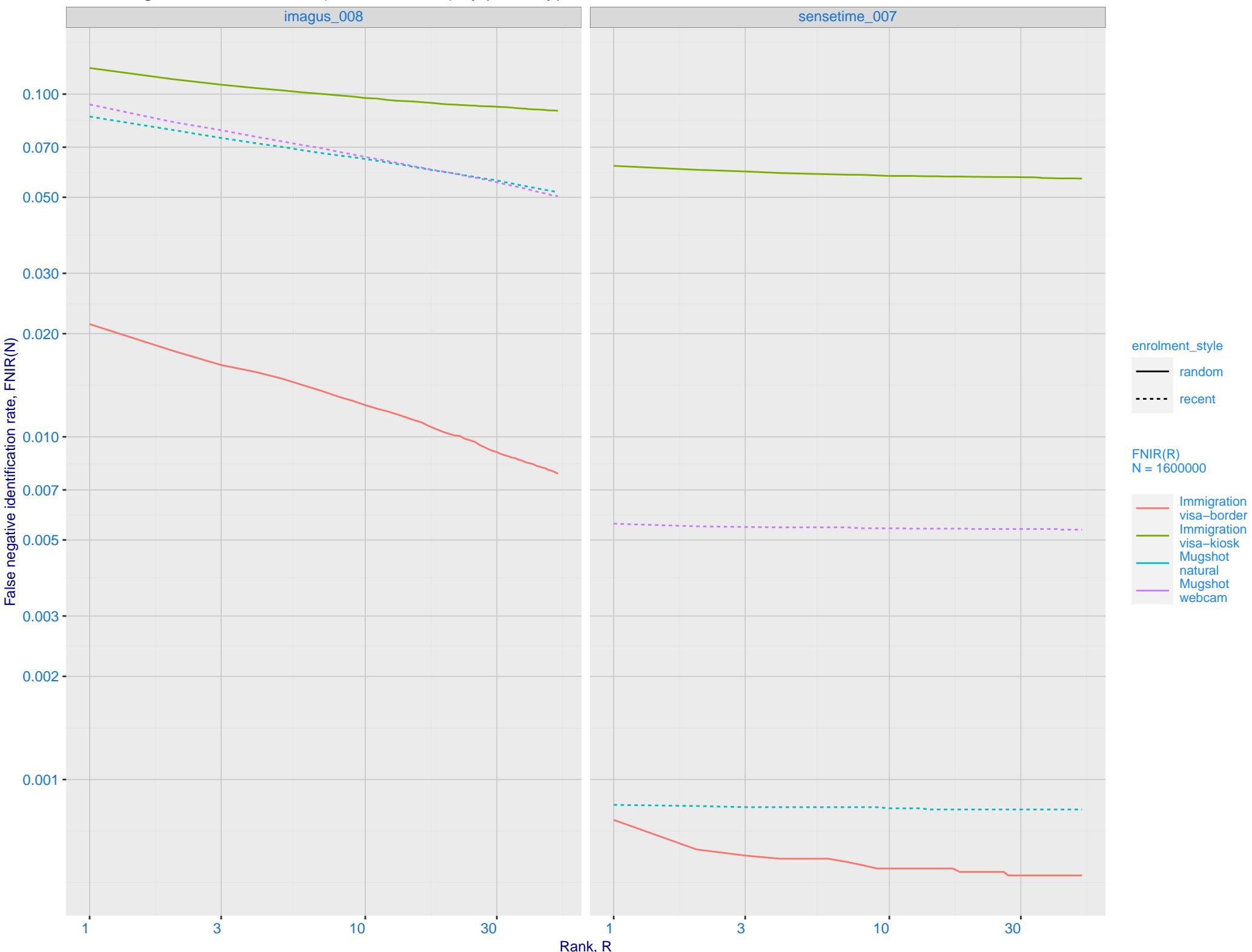
J: DET for Mugshot natural images and various N. Links connect points of equal threshold.



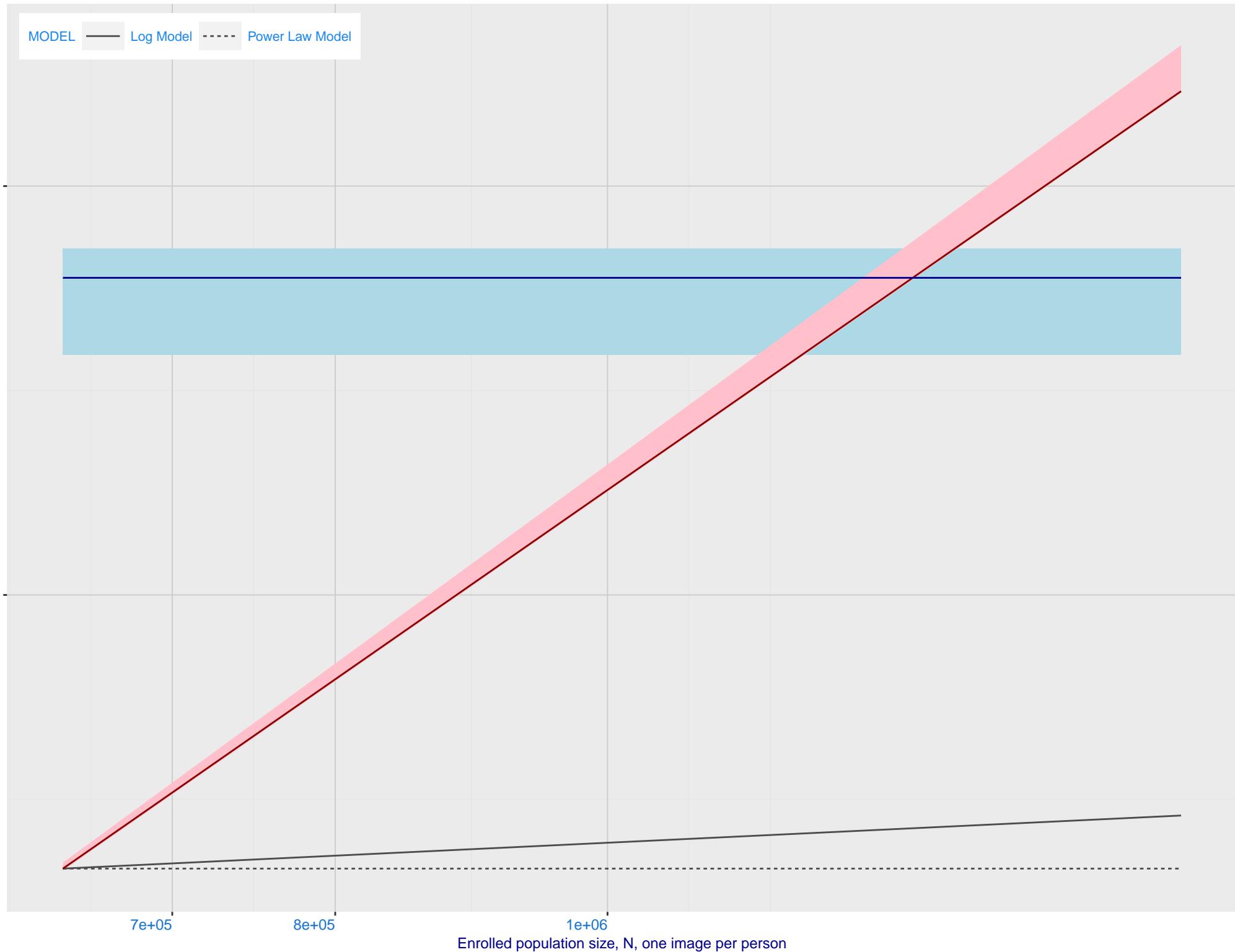
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_007)



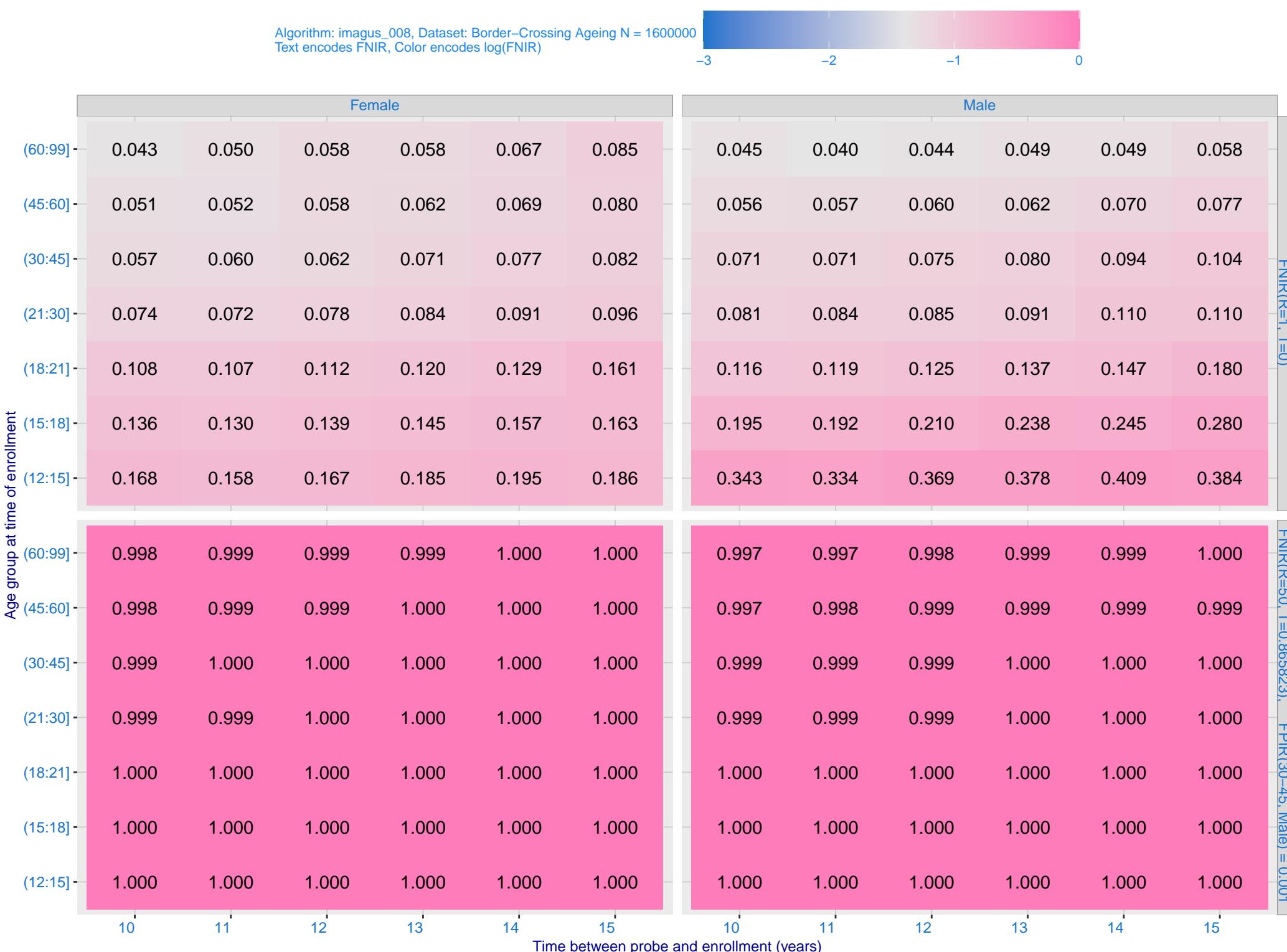
L: Investigational mode: FNIR(1600000, R, 0) by probe type



M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements.
The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power-law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T , $N = 1.6$ million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.

Algorithm: imagus_008, Dataset: Border–Crossing Ageing
Threshold: 0.865823 set to achieve FPIR(30–45, Male) = 0.001

Color encodes log(FPIR)



(The age of the highest non-mates will usually be similar to that of the probe.)

(60:99]

0.0000

0.0001

(45:60]

0.0008

0.0009

(30:45]

0.0027

0.0010

(21:30]

0.0037

0.0013

(18:21]

0.0025

0.0016

(15:18]

0.0019

0.0017

(12:15]

0.0011

0.0009

Female

Male

Sex of person in non-mate probe
(The sex of the highest non-mates will usually be that of the probe.)

Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing

Dataset: 2018 Mugshot N = 3068801

